

AXCW-3x54 1.25Gbps CWDM 1470~1610nm, 24dB, SFP Transceiver



Product Overview

The AXCW-3x54 family of Small Form Factor Pluggable (SFP) transceiver module is specifically designed for the high performance integrated duplex data link over single-mode optical fiber. These transceiver modules are compliant with the SFP Multisource Agreement (MSA). With the hot pluggability, these modules offer an easy way to be installed into SFP MSA compliant ports at any time without the interruption of the host equipments operating online.

The high-speed DFB LD is provided as a light source. There are eight center wavelengths available at present: 1470nm, 1490m, 1510nm, 1530nm, 1550nm, 1570nm, 1590nm and 1610nm, compliant with ITU-T G694.2.

Features

- Hot pluggable
- SFP MultiSource Agreement compliant
- 1.25Gbps Gigabit Ethernet compliant
- Serial ID functionality support
- AC-coupled differential inputs and outputs
- Single +3.3V power supply
- Class 1 laser safety standard IEC 825 compliant
- 24dB link budget

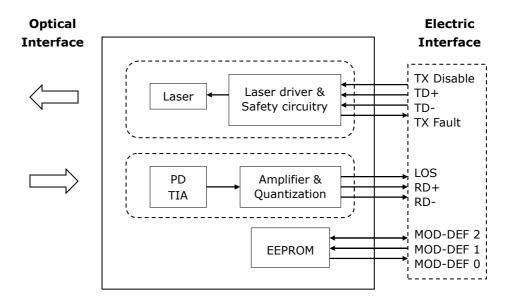
Applications

- Gigabit Ethernet/Fiber Channel
- High speed I/O for file server
- Mass storage system I/O
- Host adapter I/O

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Block diagram



The transceiver is fundamentally consisted by two parts: transmitter and receiver. The transmitter features a TTL logic level Disable signal and a Fault indicator. The receiver features a TTL logic Loss of Signal (LOS) detection. For the access of serial identification information, an EEPORM is used to store the required data via the 2-wire serial CMOS EEPROM protocol. The detailed signal descriptions are listed in the following sections.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Note
Storage Temperature	Ts	-40	+85	$^{\circ}$	
Supply Voltage	V _{cc} T V _{cc} R	-0.5	4.0	V	
Storage Relative Humidity	RH	5	95	%	

Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Case Operating Temperature	Tc	0		70	$^{\circ}\!\mathbb{C}$	
Supply Voltage	Vcc	3.1	3.3	3.5	V	
Supply Current	$I_{TX} + I_{RX}$		200	300	mA	

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Transmitter Electro-Optical Interface

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Transmitter Differential Input Voltage	TD +/-	400		2400	mV	
Tx_Fault - High	V_{Fault_H}	2		Vcc	V	
Tx_Fault - Low	V _{Fault_L}	V _{ee}		V _{ee} +0.8	V	
Tx_Disable - High	V _{Disable_H}	2		Vcc	V	
Tx_Disable - Low	V _{Disable_L}	V _{ee}		V _{ee} +0.8	V	
Optical Output Power	Po	0		+5	dBm	
Optical Extinction Ratio	E _R	9			dB	
Center Wavelength	λ _C	λ _C -5.5	λ _C	λ _C +7.5	nm	1
Spectral Width (-20dB)	Δλ			1	nm	
Side Mode Suppression Ratio	SMSR	30			dB	
Optical Rise / Fall Time	t _r / t _f			0.26	nsec	2
Relative Intensity Noise	RIN			-120	dB/Hz	
Total Jitter	J _{GE} p-p			227	psec	

Notes:

- 1. The center wavelengths are: 1470, 1490, 1510, 1530, 1550, 1570, 1590, and 1610nm.
- 2. 20% to 80% value

Receiver Electro-Optical Interface

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Receiver Differential Output Voltage	RD +/-	400		2000	mV	
Receiver Overload	P _{IN} MAX	-3			dBm	1
Receiver Sensitivity	P _{IN} MIN			-24	dBm	1
Operating Center Wavelength	λ _c	1270		1620	nm	
Receiver Loss of Signal - TTL Low	P _{RX_LOSD}			-24	dBm	
Receiver Loss of Signal - TTL High	P _{RX_LOSA}	-35			dBm	
Receiver Loss of Signal - Hysteresis	P _{RX_LOSH}	0.5			dB	

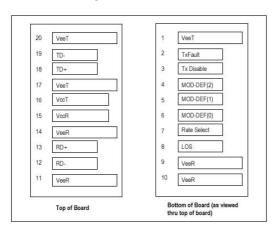
Notes:

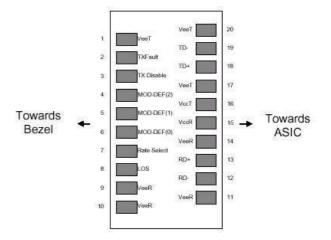
1. With BER better than or equal to 1×10^{-12} , measured in the center of the eye opening with 2^7 -1 PRBS

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Pin Description





SFP Transceiver Electric Pad Layout

Diagram of Host Board Connector Block
Pin Numbers and Names

Pin No.	Pin Name	Function	Plug Seq.	Notes
1	V _{ee} T	Transmitter Ground	1	
2	TX Fault	Transmitter Fault Indication	3	1
3	TX Disable	Transmitter Disable	3	2
4	MOD-DEF 2	Module Definition 2	3	3
5	MOD-DEF 1	Module Definition 1	3	3
6	MOD-DEF 0	Module Definition 0	3	3
7	Rate Select	Select between full or reduced receiver bandwidth	3	4
8	LOS	Loss of Signal	3	5
9	V _{ee} R	Receiver Ground	1	6
10	V _{ee} R	Receiver Ground	1	6
11	V _{ee} R	Receiver Ground	1	6
12	RD -	Inv. Receiver Data Out	3	7
13	RD +	Receiver Data Out	3	7
14	V _{ee} R	Receiver Ground	1	6
15	VccR	Receiver Power	2	8
16	V _{CC} T	Transmitter Power	2	8
17	V _{ee} T	Transmitter Ground	1	6
18	TD +	Transmitter Data In	3	9
19	TD -	Inv. Transmitter Data In	3	9
20	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	1	6

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Notes:

Plug Seq.: Pin engagement sequence during hot plugging.

- 1. TX Fault is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with a $4.7K 10K\Omega$ resistor on the host board. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and VccT, R+0.3V. When high, output indicates a laser fault of some kind. Low indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to < 0.8V.
- 2. TX disable is an input that is used to shut down the transmitter optical output. It is pulled up within the module with a $4.7 10 \text{ K}\Omega$ resistor. Its states are:

Low (0 - 0.8V): Transmitter on (>0.8, < 2.0V): Undefined

High (2.0 - 3.465V): Transmitter Disabled

Open: Transmitter Disabled

3. Mod-Def 0,1,2. These are the module definition pins. They should be pulled up with a $4.7K - 10K\Omega$ resistor on the host board. The pull-up voltage shall be VccT or VccR

Mod-Def 0 is grounded by the module to indicate that the module is present

Mod-Def 1 is the clock line of two wire serial interface for serial ID

Mod-Def 2 is the data line of two wire serial interface for serial ID

4. This is an optional input used to control the receiver bandwidth for compatibility with multiple data rates (most likely Fiber Channel 1x and 2x Rates). If implemented, the input will be internally pulled down with $> 30k\Omega$ resistor. The input states are:

Low (0 - 0.8V): Reduced Bandwidth

(>0.8, < 2.0V): Undefined

High (2.0 V -3.465V): Full Bandwidth

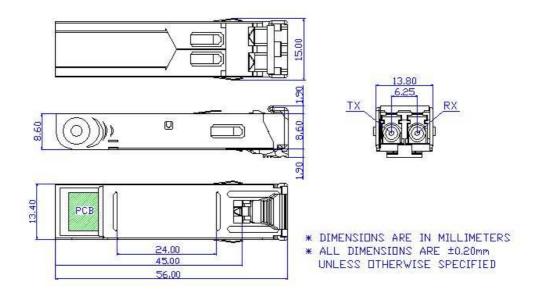
Open: Reduced Bandwidth

- 5. LOS (Loss of Signal) is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with a $4.7K 10K\Omega$ resistor. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and VccT, R+0.3V. When high, this output indicates the received optical power is below the worst-case receiver sensitivity (as defined by the standard in use). Low indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to < 0.8V.
- 6. VeeR and VeeT may be internally connected within the SFP module.
- 7. RD-/+: These are the differential receiver outputs. They are AC coupled 100Ω differential lines which should be terminated with 100Ω (differential) at the user SERDES. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board. The voltage swing on these lines will be between 370 and 2000 mV differential (185 1000 mV single ended) when properly terminated.
- 8. VccR and VccT are the receiver and transmitter power supplies. They are defined as $3.3V\pm5\%$ at the SFP connector pin. Maximum supply current is 300 mA. Recommended host board power supply filtering is shown below. Inductors with DC resistance of less than 1Ω should be used in order to maintain the required voltage at the SFP input pin with 3.3V supply voltage. When the recommended supply filtering network is used, hot plugging of the SFP transceiver module will result in an inrush current of no more than 30 mA greater than the steady state value. VccR and VccT may be internally connected within the SFP transceiver module.
- 9. TD-/+: These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are AC-coupled, differential lines with 100Ω differential termination inside the module. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board. The inputs will accept differential swings of 500 mV 2400 mV (250 mV 1200 mV single-ended), though it is recommended that values between 500 and 1200 mV differential (250 mV- 600 mV single-ended) be used for best EMI performance.

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Mechanical Dimensions (Units in mm)



Ordering Information

AXCW-3x54-35C1

Center wavelength

M: 1470nm R

M: 1470nm R: 1550nm
N: 1490nm S: 1570nm
P: 1510nm T: 1590nm
Q: 1530nm U: 1610nm

Model No.	Wavelength	LD	Color Code	I/O	LOS	Budget	Temp.
AXCW-3M54-35C1	1470nm	DFB	Gray	AC/AC	TTL	24dB	0~70℃
AXCW-3N54-35C1	1490nm	DFB	Violet	AC/AC	TTL	24dB	0~70℃
AXCW-3P54-35C1	1510nm	DFB	Blue	AC/AC	TTL	24dB	0~70℃
AXCW-3Q54-35C1	1530nm	DFB	Green	AC/AC	TTL	24dB	0~70℃
AXCW-3R54-35C1	1550nm	DFB	Yellow	AC/AC	TTL	24dB	0~70℃
AXCW-3S54-35C1	1570nm	DFB	Orange	AC/AC	TTL	24dB	0~70℃
AXCW-3T54-35C1	1590nm	DFB	Red	AC/AC	TTL	24dB	0~70℃
AXCW-3U54-35C1	1610nm	DFB	Brown	AC/AC	TTL	24dB	0~70℃