

# AXFT-3724 125Mbps~155Mbps Single Fiber Bi-directional SFP, OLT Transceiver



### **Product Overview**

The AXFT-3724 is specifically designed for the high performance integrated duplex data link over a single optical fiber. These transceiver modules are compliant with the Small Form-factor Pluggable (SFP) Multisource Agreement (MSA). With the hot pluggability, these modules offer an easy way to be installed into SFP MSA compliant ports at any time without the interruption of the host equipments operating online.

The AXFT-3724 BiDi SFP OLT transceivers using a 1550nm DFB laser diode and a 1310nm PIN photodiode enable data transmission up to 60km on a single-mode (9/125µm) optical fiber.

### **Features**

- 125Mbps~155Mbps bi-directional single fiber link
- SFP Multi-Source Agreement compliant
- Single LC receptacle
- 1550nm DFB transmitter,1310nm PIN receiver
- 40/60km point-to-point transmission
- 125Mbps IEEE802.3ah 100BASE-BX10-D compatible
- 155Mbps OC-3 LR-2/ STM L-1.2 compliant
- Serial ID functionality support
- Class 1 laser safety standard IEC60825 compliant
- Low power dissipation

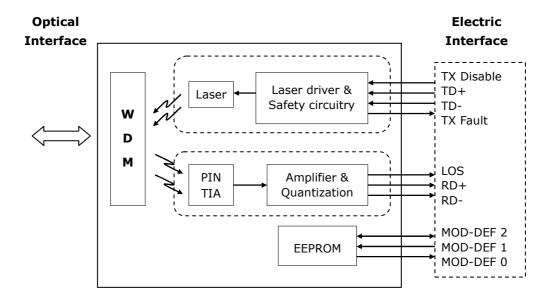
## **Applications**

- FTTx
- Fast Ethernet
- ATM switches and routers
- SONET/SDH switch infrastructure

Page 1 of 6



# **Block diagram**



The transceiver is fundamentally consisted by two parts: transmitter and receiver. The transmitter features a TTL logic level Disable signal and a Fault indicator. The receiver features a TTL logic Loss of Signal (LOS) detection. For the access of serial identification information, an EEPORM is used to store the required data via the 2-wire serial CMOS EEPROM protocol. The detailed signal descriptions are listed in the following sections.

## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Note
Storage Temperature	Ts	-40	+85	$^{\circ}\!\mathbb{C}$	
Supply Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	-0.5	4.0	V	
Storage Relative Humidity	RH	5	95	%	

# **Recommended Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Case Operating Temperature	T <sub>C</sub>	0		70	°C	Refer to ordering information
		-40		85		
Supply Voltage	VccT VccR	3.1	3.3	3.5	V	
Supply Current	$I_{TX} + I_{RX}$		150	300	mA	

Page 2 of 6



## **Transmitter Electro-Optical Interface**

Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Transmitter Differential Input Voltage		TD +/-	400		2400	mV	
Tx Fault - High		$V_{Fault\_H}$	2		VccT	<b>V</b>	
Tx Fault - Low		$V_{Fault\_L}$	VeeT		VeeT+0.8	٧	
Tx Disable - High		$V_{Disable\_H}$	2		VccT	٧	
Tx Disable - Low		$V_{Disable\_L}$	VeeT		VeeT+0.8	٧	
	40km	P <sub>o</sub>	-8		0	dBm	1
Optical Output Power	60km		-5		0		
Optical Extinction Ratio		E <sub>R</sub>	9			dB	
Center Wavelength		λ <sub>C</sub>	1480	1550	1580	nm	
Spectral Width (-20dB)		Δλ			1	nm	
Optical Rise / Fall Time		t <sub>r</sub> / t <sub>f</sub>	-		2	ns	

## Notes:

1. Coupling into a 9/125µm single-mode fiber.

## **Receiver Electro-Optical Interface**

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Receiver Differential Output Voltage	RD +/-	400		2000	mV	
Receiver Overload	P <sub>IN</sub> MAX	0			dBm	1
Receiver Sensitivity	P <sub>IN</sub> MIN			-34	dBm	1
Operating Center Wavelength	$\lambda_{c}$	1260		1360	nm	
Return Loss	RL	12			dB	
Receiver Loss of Signal - TTL Low	P <sub>RX_LOSD</sub>			-34	dBm	
Receiver Loss of Signal - TTL High	P <sub>RX_LOSA</sub>	-45			dBm	
Receiver Loss of Signal - Hysteresis	P <sub>RX_LOSH</sub>	0.5			dB	

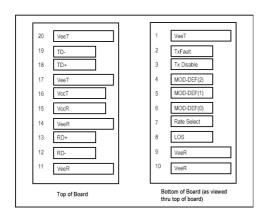
### Notes:

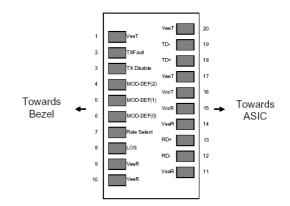
1. With BER better than or equal to  $1\times10^{-10}$ , measured in the center of the eye opening with 125Mbps~155Mbsp, PRBS  $2^{23}$  -1

Page 3 of 6



## **Pin Description**





**SFP Transceiver Electric Pad Layout** 

Diagram of Host Board Connector Block Pin

Numbers and Names

Pin No.	Pin Name	Function	Plug Seq.	Notes
1	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	1	
2	TX Fault	Transmitter Fault Indication	3	1
3	TX Disable	Transmitter Disable	3	2
4	MOD-DEF 2	Module Definition 2	3	3
5	MOD-DEF 1	Module Definition 1	3	3
6	MOD-DEF 0	Module Definition 0	3	3
7	Rate Select	Select between full or reduced receiver bandwidth	3	4
8	LOS	Loss of Signal	3	5
9	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	6
10	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	6
11	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	6
12	RD-	Inv. Receiver Data Out	3	7
13	RD+	Receiver Data Out	3	7
14	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	6
15	$V_{CC}R$	Receiver Power	2	8
16	V <sub>CC</sub> T	Transmitter Power	2	8
17	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	1	6
18	TD+	Transmitter Data In	3	9
19	TD-	Inv. Transmitter Data In	3	9
20	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	1	6

Page 4 of 6



#### Notes:

Plug Seq.: Pin engagement sequence during hot plugging.

- 1. TX Fault is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with a  $4.7K 10K\Omega$  resistor on the host board. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and VccT, R+0.3V. When high, output indicates a laser fault of some kind. Low indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to < 0.8V.
- 2. TX disable is an input that is used to shut down the transmitter optical output. It is pulled up within the module with a  $4.7 10 \text{ K}\Omega$  resistor. Its states are:

Low (0 – 0.8V): Transmitter on (>0.8, < 2.0V): Undefined

High (2.0 – 3.465V): Transmitter Disabled

Open: Transmitter Disabled

3. Mod-Def 0,1,2. These are the module definition pins. They should be pulled up with a 4.7K -  $10K\Omega$  resistor on the host board. The pull-up voltage shall be VccT or VccR

Mod-Def 0 is grounded by the module to indicate that the module is present

Mod-Def 1 is the clock line of two wire serial interface for serial ID

Mod-Def 2 is the data line of two wire serial interface for serial ID

4. This is an optional input used to control the receiver bandwidth for compatibility with multiple data rates (most likely Fiber Channel 1x and 2x Rates). If implemented, the input will be internally pulled down with >  $30k\Omega$  resistor. The input states are:

Low (0 - 0.8V): Reduced Bandwidth

(>0.8, < 2.0V): Undefined

High (2.0 V -3.465V): Full Bandwidth

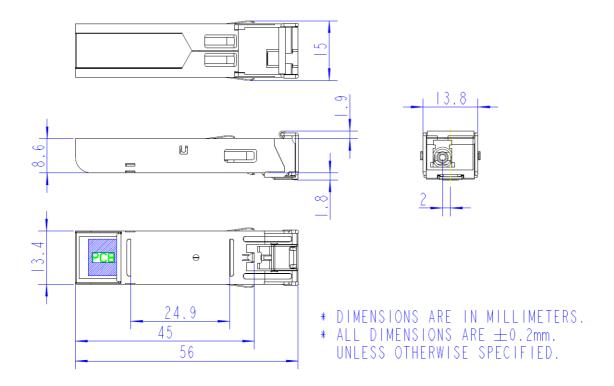
Open: Reduced Bandwidth

- 5. LOS (Loss of Signal) is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with a  $4.7K 10K\Omega$  resistor. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and VccT, R+0.3V. When high, this output indicates the received optical power is below the worst-case receiver sensitivity (as defined by the standard in use). Low indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to < 0.8V.
- 6. VeeR and VeeT may be internally connected within the SFP module.
- 7. RD-/+: These are the differential receiver outputs. They are AC coupled  $100\Omega$  differential lines which should be terminated with  $100\Omega$ (differential) at the user SERDES. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board. The voltage swing on these lines will be between 370mV and 2000 mV differential (185mV 1000 mV single ended) when properly terminated.
- 8. VccR and VccT are the receiver and transmitter power supplies. They are defined as 3.3V ±5% at the SFP connector pin. Maximum supply current is 300 mA. Recommended host board power supply filtering is shown below. Inductors with DC resistance of less than 1 ohm should be used in order to maintain the required voltage at the SFP input pin with 3.3V supply voltage. When the recommended supply filtering network is used, hot plugging of the SFP transceiver module will result in an inrush current of no more than 30 mA greater than the steady state value. VccR and VccT may be internally connected within the SFP transceiver module.
- 9. TD-/+: These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are AC-coupled, differential lines with 100ohm differential termination inside the module. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board. The inputs will accept differential swings of 500 mV 2400 mV (250 mV 1200 mV single-ended), though it is recommended that values between 500 and 1200 mV differential (250 mV 600 mV single-ended) be used for best EMI performance.

Page 5 of 6

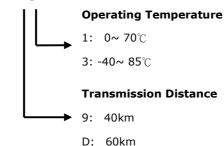


## **Mechanical Dimensions** (Units in mm)



## **Ordering Information**

# AXFT-3724-05xy



Model No.	Tx	LD	Rx	I/O	LOS	Link	Temp.
AXFT-3724-0591	1550nm	DFB	1310nm	AC/AC	TL	40km	0~70℃
AXFT-3724-0593	1550nm	DFB	1310nm	AC/AC	TTL	40km	-40~85℃
AXFT-3724-05D1	1550nm	DFB	1310nm	AC/AC	TTL	60km	0~70℃
AXFT-3724-05D3	1550nm	DFB	1310nm	AC/AC	TTL	60km	-40~85℃

Page 6 of 6